

# Lab 26

## Logic gates and combinational logic circuits

### Goals

The goal of this exercise is to teach students familiar with binary codes, properties of logic gates and simple circuits based on logic gates. Learn how to solder.

**ATTENTION: Use 5 V as power supply voltage.**

### 1 Experiment

- 1.1 Draw the scheme of the connections via diodes, that changes decimal to one of the following codes: binary, Gray, 2421, 4221 or XS3 – excess-3.
- 1.2 Solder the diodes according to the prepared scheme.
- 1.3 Test the operation of the build system and demonstrate it to your TA.
- 1.4 In the table 1 write down what you observe during the test.

Table 1.

Kod dziesiętny	kod...

- 2.1 Design a circuit, with XOR gates, generating parity bit of 8-bit word. Using trainer board UNILOG-2 build and test the circuit. In the table 2 write down what you observe during the test.

Table 2.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	Q

- 2.2 Build the circuit in Fig. 2a and experimentally determine the truth table. Repeat these steps for the circuit in Fig. 2b.

- 2.3** Use oscilloscope to measure the propagation time (delay time) for logic gates suggested by TA (NAND or NOR gates).
- 2.4** Using trainer board UNILOG-2 build the circuit shown in Fig. 3 and apply rectangular 1 MHz signal. Measure the pulse widths of the input and output pulses.

### **3 Background**

- 3.1 Codes: Straight binary code, BCD code, Excess-3 Code, Two's complement, Gray code, Octal code, Hexadecimal code.
- 3.2 Soldering techniques.
- 3.3 Light-emitting diode (LED) operation.
- 3.4 Noise margins, propagation delay.
- 3.5 Positive and negative logic.
- 3.6 Logic gate symbols and basic rules of Boolean Algebra.

### **Literature**

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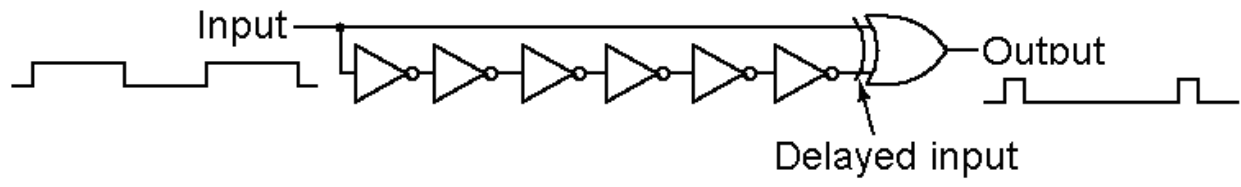


Fig. 3. Circuit for narrowing the rectangular pulses.